

Patient name : NOUN CHAN Sex: M Age: 62years
Date of exam : 22 nov. 23 08:55:13

ULTRASOUND ABDOMINAL AND PELVIC

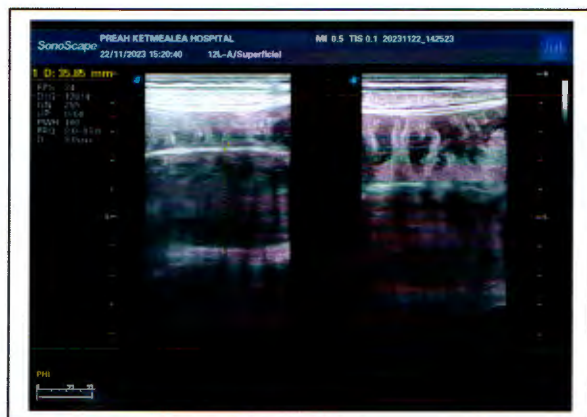
Liver: The liver is atrophy in size, measuring 154 mm in diameter of right lobe, the echo structure is altered and mild coarsened, with mild irregular of the capsular. No evidence of the nodule neither mass involving into liver parenchyma. The portal vein 17mm are dilated and hepatic veins are not dilated

- **Gallbladder:** Mal visible.
- **Biliary tract:** Not dilated.
- **Pancreas:** Normal in shape with a homogeneous echo structure. The pancreatic duct is not dilated.
- **Spleen:** Normal in size and homogenous echo-structure.
- **Right kidney:** Normal in size, echogenicity the same as that of the liver with maintained cortico-medullary differentiation. No evidence of kidney stone.
- **Left kidney:** Normal in size, echogenicity the same as that of the liver with maintained cortico-medullary differentiation. No evidence of kidney stone.
- **Urinary bladder:** Moderately distended, with a thin regular wall without evidence of bladder stone.
- **Prostate:** Enlarge in size (Vol= 28ml), regular contours, homogeneous echo structure.
- There is evidence of free fluid effusion, mild abundant at the pouch of Douglass, Morrison space , peri hepatic and peri renal.
 - Intestinal loops are dilated measure 40mm filled with faecal fluid containing characteristic mobile echoes, weakness of intestinal contraction and a lot of gas with small fluid blade between the loops.

CONCLUSION:

- Liver cirrhosis with minimal free fluid intra-abdominal cavity.
- Ultrasound finding suggestive of sub-intestinal occlusion.
- Prostatic hypertrophy.
- Ultrasound finding suggestive of nephropathy.

⇒ Please correlate with blood study.



Medical ultrasonography



Dr. SROY SOPHEANY

